ESTABLISHED 1840.

MEMPHIS, TENN. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1880.

as in actual proportion. This is not all; it

SOLID SAN FRANCISCANS.

eterred by the Threatening Attitud

founded, and that a thorough organization

It is generally understood that Kearney has

There was no parade of the workingmen

with the view of raising subscriptions for the benefit of the unemployed, several of whom he abused roundly.]

A Contradiction of the Sensational Dis-patches.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 26 .- It would

corporations to employ Chinese, and the refusal of certain corporation managers to comply with the law until it had been interpreted by the United States courts aggravated mutual hard feelings. The action of the board of health in declaring China-

town a nuisance was supposed by the workingmen to mean an immediate and wholesale

condemnation of the Chinese quarters and the removal of the occupants to the outskirts

in carrying cut the decree of condemna-

rise bothe apprehension that efforts are on foot to defeat the measure. These things

combined to impress the workingmen with the belief that, while they have both the law

and justice in the case on their side, an or-

laws and rob them of the bene-fits expected from their operations. This belief has been fostered and their fears

worked up to the highest pitch of apprehension by the very windy declamations of some

of their leaders, until they are undoubtedly living in daily expectation of an uprising of the vigilance committee, backed by the police and military, for the purpose of killing their

leaders and trampling law under fo.t. As a matter of fact, the condemnation of China-

town meets with almost the unanimous ap-

proval of the citizens. The corporations are daily discharging the Chinese, pending the interpretation of the law, and the rehef movement would be actively progressing but for the violent harangues of the last few

days. On the other hand, the in-cendiary language of the agita-tors has greatly alarmed and exasperated the

INDICATIONS. WASHINGTON, D. C., February 27-1 a.m. For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, ris ing barometer, southerly shifting to colder northwest winds, clear or fair weather.

WEATHER DESERVATIONS. WAS ORD'T, SURVAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY, THURSDAY, February 26, 1880, 10:08 p. m. D. T. FLANNERY, Corp. Signal Corps, U. S. A.

DE LESSEPS has met with a reception in New York worthy alike of his eminence as an engineer and the intelligence of the metropo-In. Yet we must not lose sight of the Mon-

THE St. Louis Republican contends that Missouri is not a southern, but a western S atc, and therefore should not be silenced in the Republican convention to be held in Chicago.

Feeting the secretary of the first in possession of the senate any information in possession of the department in relation to the present condition of affairs in Alaska. Adopted.

The calendar was considered until the expinered in the remains.

Two nursances that ought to be abated

back and wagou stands at Court square and the driving of droves of mules through the streets by daylight.

Democratic party, purged of selfish leadership, can be made the nucleus of honest com-State cut of sight and mind." The question is, has it or can it be purped?

THE Cincinnati Enquirer, on Wednesday, published a two-column special from Washington giving the Presidential preferences of Republican members of congress, from which we learn that Blaine leads, with Grant a good second, and Sherman nowhere.

British parliament, so as to rid himself of the annovance of the liberal and home-rule obthat greatly emburass his imperialistic programme. This, while it is strictly according

nominee of the Republican party, almost any itr Democratic condidate, untainted with the faint-st stain of secusion, ought to be able to beat him. The species of such a candidate we hold curselves ready to write free and to vote once

party by such a nomination, if possible, as

ing the question of an increase of the num- presented it would be time enough to inber of hishops. Bishop Wiley holds that, if nine bishops were not too many in 1864, now, with a membership, pastorate and property him would give to every State and Territory with a membership, pastorate and property doubled, with added duties of visitation, and with a greatly increased territory to supervise, as addition of ten men, making eighteen in all, or double those at the close of 1864, would not be too many, always provided the church is ready to support that number. All this is to bring the standard of engagenal work up, or down, to that of of episcopal work up, or down, to that of there was little or no room for combinations.

RAMBOAD presidents and managers, as a million nine hundred thousand dollars for the general thing, cannot complain of their pay. H. J. Jewett, president of the Erie railway,

way, and until next Noso much of profit and peace. We can be strong in our convictions, honest in expressing them, and faithful in the performance of Was the American congress the sirve of a

character in our controllons, somet in expression faithful in the performance of the dates they devolve upon us without neglecting the business affiling of the switch of the switch business affiling of the switch of the business affiling of the switch of the sw be, ought to know this, and if he is half as homest as he acted as

THE STAR ROUTE MAILS

Saved from Reduction, if the Senate will Confirm the Action of the House in Voting the Necessary Funds to Continue the Service.

A Joint Resolution Reaffirming the Monroe Doctrine Read in the House and Referred to the Interoceanic Canal Committee-Senate Proceedings.

Washington, February 26.—Senate—Senatr Maxey, from the committee on post-offices and postroads, reported, with amendment, senate bill to authorize the refunding lost or stolen. Placed on the calendar. Senator Blair submitted a resolution ting the secretary of the navy to transmit ration of the morning hour, when the remain-Two Nursanges that ought to be abated der of the day was gon to eulogies upon the by the Taxog District government are the late Senator Houston, Alabama. At the close of the eulogies, the customary resolutions were adopted, and the senate ad-

ionraed until to-morrow. WHAT WAS DONE IN THE HOUSE. THE New York Herald subscriptions for the relief of the starving pow of Ireland secretary of the treasury to the resolution amount to two hundred and forty-one thousand and four dollars and sixty-one cents, up to the twenty-th rd instant.

Mr. Warner introduced a joint resolution reaffirming the Monroe doctrine, as follows: realirming the Monroe doctrine, as follows:

Whither, in his seventh annual message to congress. President Monroe asserted that "We owe it to the candor and to the amicable relations existing between the United States and these (European) powers, to declare that we shall consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety;" and, whereas, the doctrine thus announced has been accepted by the American people, and has become a cardinal principle in our national policy; and, whereas, it is now proposed to construct, under guarantees to be given by foreign governments, a canal across the Isthmus of Darien; therefore be it

Resolved. That the doctrine announced to the world more than half a century ago by President Monroe, and known as the Monroe doctrine, be and the same is hereby reasseried, and in accordance therewith in behalf of the people of the United States, we affirm that the control of any interocesnic canal across the Isthmus of Darien, while open to the United States and all nations equally, must, ingite interest of ourselves and the world, be kept under the special protection of the United States.

Resolved, That the United States, sensible of the importance to the irade of the world of an open water passage way between the two oceans, will cordially promote by such means as may be deemed proper, and judicious such an undertaking.

The joint resolution was referred to the to British precidents, meets with a universal howl. Beaconafield is fast leading England to the inevitable. To those who believe in a republic, he is worth his weight in gold.

The joint resolution was referred to the intercentic canal committee.

Mr. Reagan, chairman of the committee on commerce, reported a bill to establish a board of commissioners of interstate commerce; also, the following bills, which, he stated, would be effered as substitutes for Turs is fair and plane talk by the New that bill: To regulate interstate commerce; to amend the act of 1866, to facilitate communication between the States. If the third-term men succeed in forcing Grant as The three bills were ordered printed, and

delegation will give him a hearty and united dollars, the compansation for the expedited same of the same of the compansation for the expedited same of the same of the compansation for the expedited same of the compansation for the compansation f show of success. Aside from Mr. Thurman March 1, 1880; and nothing herein contained pur delegation would seek some man who shall be construed to require a reduction of could unite the party east without splitting the west—that is, dropping State pride, we would seek to overthrow the Republican party by such a nomination, if possible, as shall be construed to require a reduction of the American telegraph company to operate any of the wires erected along the Kansas any of the wires erected along the Kansas City, and prohibiting both defendants from disconnecting any of the wires from the batteries of the Western Union telegraph company to operate any of the wires erected along the Kansas any of the wires from the batteries of the Western Union telegraph company to operate any of the wires erected along the Kansas any of the wires erected along the Kansas city, and prohibiting both defendants from disconnecting any of the wires from the batteries of the Western Union telegraph company to operate any of the wires erected along the Kansas city, and prohibiting both defendants from disconnecting any of the wires erected along the Kansas city, and prohibiting both defendants from disconnecting any of the wires erected along the Kansas city. Section 2 appropriates one hundred thousand dollars to enable the postmaster general to place the service as authorized by law. He

dulge in bitter criminalities against that de-partment, but no such question was before

for. The startling fact was proved by the of \$40,000 a year; Tom very day that appropriation had been made, \$100,000 salary, \$24,000 from the Pennsyllion four hundred thousand dollars. He called attention to the fact that for the first one; J. W. Garrett, president time since its publication, the blue book for and Onio, has a nominal this year omitted any statement as to the cost salary of \$4000 a year. There are to-day of running the postoffice department. That fifteen general managers of railways in the statement had been deliberately omitted. He United States whose salaries run from \$10,000 left the committee to judge for itself what had been the object of omitting it. The sector \$15,000; nine general superintendents and assistant postmaster-general claimed with a salary from \$7000 to \$10,000 yearly, that there was no limit to his discretion. He [Clymer] claimed that he who laid his hands on any tunds so as to defeat the intentions of the statutes, was a violator of the law, and were it in his power, that violator should suffer as other malefactors; that a clerk in the postoffice department should not override the will of the legislative look for excitements and power of this government. Had it come to that, that congress was the servant of a

ust will not, seduce the by coming to this nouse, by promises, by coopie of this section from the business boom quetting and by threats of cutting down the that has brought us in the past few months service? Was congress to be driven to do

us yesterday this bill was substantially right, and tells us to-day that it is substantially wrong? Did that committee get any information from any member of the house that this bill was unwise and unsafe? Of course

they did.

The general debate having closed, Mr. Blount moved as a substitute for the first section, the first section of the bill reported to-day by Mr. Baker.

Mr. Hayes said he would be willing to vote five million dollars, if it were needed, to keep up an efficient star service.

Mr. Upson said an attempt was being made to force the present bill through under whip and spur, without its being understood by the house or by the committee on appropriations itself. That the committee was entirely at sea. It had yesterday brought in a bill which would save to the government only one hundred thousand dollars. To-day, by a substitute, it was proposed to cut down that service of nine hundred thousand dollars, and why? The members of the committee had given no reason for it. Their months had been frothy and bloody and afire with open and general denunciations of the postmaster-general and his subordinates, but they had not placed their fingers upon a single lizand, and he challenged them to point to a single substantial reason why the

ST. PAUL. February 25 — Parnell and Dillon, Irish agritators, arrived from Winona this evening: They made brief stops to hold meetings at Winona, Lake City, Red Wing, Washington, February 26, 1880.

railroad company, applying for an injunction, which was granted this forenoon by Judge Elliott. The injunction restrains the Kansas the American telegraph company to operate pany, or continuing such connection, or the connection of said wires with any batteries except those of the Western Union telegraph company; and restraining the railroad com-pany from permitting the use of the poles by the American Union company. This litiga-tion raises the question of validity of con-tracts between the Western Union company

in a friendly spirit with representatives of the bondholders, and the movement is looked upon as a defection of the Republicans in the

11 y 45 fe /5/43 Ki 25.4

TOUGH OLD TECUMSER

Ruthlessly Raises the Hair of General Boynton-Answer of the General of the Army to a Communication from the Secretary of War, and then General

Boynton Bowls Back a Round Shot at the General of the Army, Accusing him of Taking a Cowardly Refuge Behind his High Position.

Washington, February 26 .- The following are the official indorsements upon the charges preferred against General Sherman tor "conduct unbecoming an officer and

the pestimaster-general and his subordinates, in they had not placed their fingers upon a single izand, and he challenged them to subject them to be a substantial reason why the manual to a single stand, and he challenged them to be made and the second section of the bill by striking out the appriation of one hundred thousand dollars to increase the service on existing routes.

Mr. Blount the moved to amend the second enter which was now being made on the star routes was not wise. As a representative, he expressed that opinion boldly and learlessly. In politics he was a Republican, et he stood in all questions on the expenditure of money in the hundred thousand for money in the hundred thousand for the service of money in the service of the first the service of money in the service of th

day in March.

The profession and the second the man may be provided by the most of the poor butter with cannot a politic with company BULERS OF THE RAIL'S.

mportant Assemblage of Railron Magnates in New York and Chiengo-Object of the Meetings.

NEW YORK, February 26 - During the present week a number of representative rail-coad men have been in the city, and the fact has given rise to various rumors and many conjectures as to the object of their visit. To-day W. A. H. Loveland, of the Colorado Cen-tral; Mr. Gallop, of the Boston and Albany railroad; Judge L. C. Scars, of the Kansas Pacific, and General Howard, of the Boston be American Usion company. This litigate the use of the poles by the American Usion company. This litigate too raises the question of validity of contracts between the Western Usion company and the railroad company, which have been and Poordience railroad, arrived here late this statem place, and that influences are at work and the railroad company, which have been in force and under which the telegraph lines have been operated for many years.

\*\*SALVING THE SORES\*\*

\*\*Of Virginia's Creditors with Words\*\*

Behomes Involving the Issue of New Reads.

\*\*RICHMOND, February 26.—In the house of delegates to-day, when the Riddleburger debt bill, which passed the senate a few days ago, came by as the special order, Mr. Hauilton in Virginia taxes, except such as go into the shool fluod. The substitute fur- reported that a meeting of the railroad and the place the night should be readily be a substitute therefor, providing that the principal of the debt be recognized at the sum fixed in the M'Cullock bill, about thirty-two million dollars; that upon it three was a meeting of the gradient of the question. Chicago Times letter: "The following little days the prayer part and the commanding officers of the author of the question. Chicago Times letter: "The following little days the prayer part and the commanding officers of the author of the provinces, and that a meeting to the place the inght before, and Colonel Tomms Scott, of the Pennsylvania Ceutral railroad, who was called upon in regard to the main passed the senate in the passed the senate in the passed the senate and the provinces are at work lated the third the principal of the provinces of the cambination of the units of the provinces are at work lated upon the passed the passed the senate of the main grade the fall that the principal of the provinces are at work lated upon the passed the senate of the main grade the fall that the passed the senate of the minute passed t

go into the school fund. The substitute fur-ther provides that if, on or before the first of June, 1880, the council of foreign bondholders and the funding association of the United

ANOTHER AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, February 26.—Representatives of all the leading eastern and western railroads met here to-day, Commissioner Fink presid-States shall, together or separately, accept the terms of this act, they shall be authorized the refunding, or if they fail to accept, the governor may make a like contract with other responsible parties. The bill and substitute were passed, and the latter ordered printed. The introduction of this substitute has produced quite a sensation. It is stated that the ferms of the bill were negotiated by that the terms of the bill were negotiated by of representatives of eastern trunk lines and prominent Republicans, including Gongress-man Jorgensen, General W. C. Wickham, vice-president of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, and Dr. E. H. Smith, who conferred made.

upon as a defection of the Republicans in the general assembly from the ranks of the readjusters, with whom they have heretofore son here since Tuesday, adjourned to-night. Quite a number of ministers and laymen from abroad have been present, and all the evangelical ministers of St. Louis have par-

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL,

as in actual proportion. This is not all; it looks well from every point of view. Mr. Story, I remember, once told me that the great test for work of this kind is its silhouette against the beckground of the sky. This one makes a closs, pure outline from every point of view, and if I were not afraid of seeming to equivocate in compliment. I should say that it looks just as well from the back as from the front. The modeling of the torso, even beneath its uniform coat, is very fine. The figure dips nicely in the back from the line of the broad shoulders, and has what the tailors call a fall there without being in the least a tailor's model of a man. It is not easy to make the stiff draperies of a uniform coat subservient to the purposes of the sculptor. Mr. St. Gaudens has contrived to do this by raising a breeze, which gently lifts one of the lappets and toeses it back in clean, crisp folds. The statue is admirably naturalistic in the best sense. It does not seem like a man of clay, but like a man of flesh and blood." As a Source of News, Does not Par Handred Dollars Given M. F. Conway, of Kausas, for Expenses.

tion Case not yet Settled-An Important Democratic Caucus -Proposed Amendment to the Revenue Law.

of Kearney's Crowd. Decline to Further Consider Ways and Means For the Relief of the Workingmen "Agitation" Demanded by the Mob

-Kearney Gone to the State
Capital. A DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

The Democratic members of the senate held a caucus after the adjournment this afternoon. It was called with a view to preventing the recurrence of an embarrassment which the mejority have had frequently to encounter this session, namely, of finding themselves without a sufficient number of their own party to make a quorum. After an extended interchange of suggestions, it SAN FRANCISCO, February 26.—The meeting of the merchants held this afternoon to hear the report of the committee appointed to concert relief measures had but a small attendance, and the report was not submitted.
The committee stated that stace the last meeting the incendiary language of the agitators had put the mercantile community in a frame of mind in which it would be of little use to approach them for contributions. The feeling seemed to be that they were ready to assist the unemployed, but wanted to wait and see the result of the agitation. The meeting adjourned without action. The im-pression seemed to be that the project had fallen through until such time as more among the workingmen. There was considerable inquiry to-day among the gentlemen supposed to be interested in the reported vigilance committee movement, all failing to draw out any direct information on the subject; but there is good

mation on the subject; but there is good reason to believe that the report is well rules, and the caucus adjourned. SILVER FOR THE MINTS. to-day, and the meeting at the sand lots was comparatively tame. Gannos, the chairman elphia, New Orleans and San Francisco. of the committee, reported that after this week the committee would cease calling on employers of Chinese, and that the week-day meetings at the sand lots would be discontinued. [Cries of "Agitate!"] "We will agitate in a different way," said Gannon. His speech was principally devoted to comment of the recent meeting of the merchants with the view of raising subscriptions for the PROMPTLY APPROVED.

of the suffering poor of Ireland. THE PUBLIC POCKETBOOK. It is thought at the treasury department that the total re-cipts from customs this month will be nearly \$15,000,000, and from internal revenue will be about \$9,000,000. Taking this as a basis, it is estimated the total custom receipts of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30th next will be appear from the tone of editorials in eastern papers, telegraphed to San Francisco, that much apprehension exists as to the real situa-

dition of affairs. Processions of the unem-ployed and their demands for the discharge of Chinese and the employment of white la-bor, excited workingmen and irritated capi-tal. The passage of the law prohibiting AMENDMENTS TO THE REVENUE LAW. The following is the text of the bill pre pared by the secretary of the treasury and ent to the house of representatives to-day: sent to the house of representatives to-day:

Be it enacted, etc., That section 20 of an act approved March 3d, entitled an act to amend the laws relating to the internal revenue, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

SECTION 1. That under such regulations and requirements as to stamps, bonds and such other securities as are and shall be prescribed by the commissioner of internal revenue, any manufacturer of medicines, preparations, compositions perfumery, cosmetics, cordiais and other liquors for export, manufacturing the same in duly constituted manufacturers warehouse, shall be authorized to withcraw original packages from any distillery or warehouse so much distilled spirits as he may require for said purposes without payment of the internal tax thereon.

thereon.

Sec 2. That the provisions of an act entitled an act authorizing an allowance for loss by leakage or casually of spirits withdrawofrom the distiller warehouse for exportatio, approved December 20, 1870, are hereby extended to distilled spirits withdrawa from distiller; warehouses, for transfer to bonded manufacturing warehouses established under section 3433 of the revised statutes. IT SMELLS TO HEAVEN.

Established at the Vice-Regal Court of the Royal Dominion of Canada. the Old French Regime and Under

Later Governors-But it Won't do you Know. World: For the first time since the confed eration of the provinces a ukase has gon business classes until they are ready to arm dence. It is dated from the colonial office in self-defense. Both parties are lashing as all imperial documents are, but of course

Chattanooga Times: "Yesterday all the puddlers and their assistants, and eleven boys, employed at the Roane iron-works, struck for higher wages. They had been formerly making about \$5 50 per ton, but now demand \$6 50. The boys demand a rise of twenty-five per cent., having received \$1 formerly, and now claim \$1 25 daily. The strikers number forty-seven, among whom are included the Germans lately arrived from St. Louis. There is not much probability that their demands will be acceded to; but the company will probably, if they persist, supply their places with workmen from abroad. The strikers were carousing around that he has gone down the river as far a Grosse Isle to a cock-fight, and if the M'Nab does not return to town to-morrow abroad. The strikers were carousing around the mill yesterday, but as yet have expressed no intention of interfering with any substi-

CHICAGO, February 26 .- The board of

Out Very Rich This Morning-Five

DONNELLY WASHBURNE AGAIN.

a community observe a table of precedence In British Columbia, some years ago, before that province entered the Domision, the governor, Sir James Dauglas, was married to an Indian lady, and on state cocasions her themselves without a sofficient number of their own party to make a quorum. After an extended interchange of suggestions, it was agreed by common consent that pairs ought not to be made except on condition that either of the members pairing shall have the right to vote if his vote be necessary to make a consent that pairs of the members pairing shall have the right to vote if his vote be necessary to make a consent that pairs of the mem of the members and the members are m was agreed by common consent that pairs ought not to be made except on condition that either of the members pairing shall have the right to vote if his vote be necessary to make a quorum.

The desirability of adopting some set of joint rules to govern the transaction of business between the house and the senate was then suggested by several senators, there being no joint rules now in force. An incidental allusion was made to the former joint rule in regard to counting the electoral votes and also to various others not now recognized by the senate as in existence, but which, it was argued, were needed for the proper regulation of legislative business. Finally the whole subject was referred to the Democratic members of the committee on rules, and the caucus adjourned.

silver for the United States mints at Phila-The President to-day approved the join

The New Order of Precedence Jus Row Etiquette was Observed Under

emselves into a fury over the almost purely it emanates from the office of the lord imaginary and suppositious grounds of disa-greement. No doubt Mayor Kalloch means been compiled under the direction of Hon. to use all his refluence with his followers to S. Possonoy Fane, who is the comptrolle keep the peace; but he probably recognizes and principal hieror hant of the mysteries of the fact that to maintain his influence over them it is necessary, to a certain extent, to fall into their ways of speech and action. At the present time a few calm words between the leaders of the workingmen and the business classes would go far to create a better understanding and remove all danger of a conflict. standing and remove all danger of a corflet; dead letter. The new order, however, will and, from appearances to day, there is reason to believe that something of the kind has taken place, and that influences are at work ranking first and the commanding officers of

sion to leave town the next day, and this was

or the next day, his excellency will be jus-tified in concluding that the M'Nab has fallen into the hands of the police, in which M'Nab." This letter got into print, and amid the uproarious laughter of his liege sub-jects Sir Edmund canceled his order and abondoned the idea of trying to govern Canadians with scaling-wax and red tape. The marquis of Lorne's order will not fare much

order of precedence was observed in Canada as faithfully as the moral law. Laval, the first bishop of Quebec, was a Montmorency, and noble comme un Montmorency was a provarb; and for years he kept the French king ousy deciding points of preference between himself and the governor. He claimed that he should rank first, and issued a mandate to that effect, and the Relations des Jesuites contain items like the following: "Charles Cuillard and Ignace de Repentigny saluted the governor first, at which the bishop was mortally offended, and aext day the two lads were whipped for their disobedience." The old regime with its seignicial laws was based, in fact, on precedence, and the court of Abasuerus, the king, or of that Spanish grandee who was roasted to death because the proper officer was not at band to move the chair back from the fire, was not more decorously regulated than the new Society of Castle St. Louis, or the household of the lord of the manor; but with the downfall of military rule and the introduction of free institutions the age of buckram endef and democracy took its place. The new order will not only go into effect at state ceremonies and state dinners here, but will prevail at the sears of the provincial governments also, and its erforcement there will lead to curious entanglements. In Manitoba, for instance, the premier three or four years ago was a hotel-keeper named Davis, and when the house

The Donnelly-Washburn Contested Elec

Washington, February 26.—The committee on elections ordered a resolution reported to the house favoring the appropriation of five hundred dollars for the relief of Mr. M. F. Conway, of Kansas, for expenses incurred in contesting his seat in 1859,

The committee on elections to day again discussed but did not dispose of the Wash-ourne-Donnelly case. The Democratic members of the senat

wealty, I took you for a gentleman yester-day." It is universally telt that in promul-gating this order the impersal authorities have done the marquis and the princess a grave injury. To attempt to a rt into grades The treasury department to-day purchased five hundred and nine thousand ounces of fine resolution authorizing of the secretary of the navy to transport contributions for the relief

mother country, is supreme fally; they might as well seek to bind the influences of the Plesades or guide Archu us with his sons. certainly funny reading. Among the four hundred applications for employment as census enumerators received by the president of the Madras municipality, one run: "I am seeing in the papers that you is going to make total custom receipts of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30th next will be about \$153,000,000, and from internal revenue \$117,000,000, tous making a total income to the government, including receipts from miscellaneous sources, of about \$300, 000 Of the government including receipts from miscellaneous sources, of about \$300, 000 Of the government including receipts from miscellaneous sources, of about \$300, 000 Of the government for the papers that you is going to make a census of the peoples. I shall feel very much glad for to become an enumerator. I can make fast, fast count. You can see by my writing that it is distinct and clear. I learned writing of one writing master. I am living on the back-side of Veerasaurny Chet-

this here. It is not true that the agitation has assumed a realistic aspect. Nor is there any good reason to believe that in a few days the mob will march on Chinatown. Several things have combined to bring about the condition of affairs. Processions of the unempton of the displaces. valuable time, whose wheels roll in amber and gold. Yet to try by scroll is a useful maxim to young and old, rich and poor, and a great deal may be got by those who put this simple but useful rule into practice. Hav-ing heard that enumerators for the preliminary census are about to exist in the munici-pal department, I most respectfully beg to offer my services for the forecited post. If I fortunately succeed, I will give all satisfac-

tion I can produce in discharge of duties intrusted to me. I can speak the Tamil, Hindustance, Bormese and Malaylum lanproceeded under spit, has arrived at Queenstown.

LONDON, Eebruary 26. Arrived—Steamship Alsatian, from New York: A boat containing a part of the crew of the steamer Manit blan, before report disabled, has arrived at Ballycotton, Ireland. It left the ship archored thirty miles off the coast

> Black Catfishes on the Warpath.
> St. Paul, February 26—A Fort Buford special says two men, W. D. Paschal and John O'Brien, were killed on the Red Water by a Black Catfishes band of Indians. Morgan and O'Brien's ranch, fifty miles west o Buford, is said to be threated by the same In-

mier three or four years ago was a hotel-keeper named Davis, and when the house adjourned he used to ask his colleagues and supporters home, and going behind the bar would serve them with their respective drinks. It will be difficult to make such

emigrant ship, and whose very a ristence is a

protest against the class distinctions of the

A Lingual Struggle.

All the Year Round: Hinda English is

More Serious than Supposed OTTAWA, February 26 - The Princess Louise is still confined to her bed from the effects of the late accident. It is said that the injuries from which she is suffering are of a more serious character than at first re-ported.

# **FEBRIFUGE**

A PROMINENT DRUGGIST BRANDSTOWN, ILL., Sept. 9th, 1878.

My Dear Sir — For the past two years I have been seiling Clifford's Febriruge, and for Chills and Fever have found nothing to equal it, or give such universal satisfaction. I can heartly recommend it to all afflicted with Chills and Fever.

C. M. SPRING,

Druggist and Bookseller

**FEBRIFUGE** My dear Mil. RICHARDSON:—My hearty thanks are due you and your Medicine, Clifford's Febrifuge. My wife and two children had Ague for nearly a year. Quinine would not cure them and as a last recort I tried your Febrifuge and honestly think their taking it rescued them from death. Truly, &c., QLIVER SMITH, Springfield, Mo.

**FEBRIFUGE** I hereby take pleasure in certifying to the efficiency of clifford's Febrituge which I have used in my family, and find it every thing claimed for it by the proprietor, and superior to any I have ever used.

PAYID 8. HARRISS.

**FEBRIFUGE** 

**FEBRIFUGE** 

**FEBRIFUGE** 

VOL. XXXIX--NUMBER 50

Important Announcement!

We are now prepared to show the most Superb and Extensive Assortment of Choice Goods which has ever been displayed in this city. Our resident buyers in the East--- Messrs J. A. & J. S. Menken, with a corps of assistants---furnish us from day to day with the freshest from the Looms of this country and the most striking novelties as they arrive from Europe. Silks, fine Dress Goods, House Furnishing Goods, Gloves, Laces, and Embroideries in the greatest variety. ON THE SECOND FLOOR WE DISPLAY

everything useful and new in Ladies' and Children's Ready-Made Garments, Corsets, Infants' Outfits, Etc.

COR. MAIN AND COURT STREETS. Our Prices must naturally be the Lowest, having purchased heavily before the Advance, as evidenced by our crowded Establishment and Warehouse

## ORGILL BROTHERS & CO. HARDWARE,

IRON, CASTINGS, CUTLERY AND GUNS. Steam Engines, Boilers, Ironpipe and Machinery Fixtures, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT DEPOT Belting, Hose and Packing, Cotton Gies, Presses, Faught-Deering Engines, ⇔rist Mills, Sole Agents in Memphis for B. F. AVERY & SONS' PLOWS.

## Our stock is now fresh and complete, and being added to daily by new goods direct from the manufacturers. Orders promptly filled. Nos. 310-312 FRONT STREET. MEMPHIS PORTER, TAYLOR & Co **COTTON FACTORS**

Wholesale Grocers.

300 FRONT ST., MEMPHIS,

Old Yannissee. F TRADE UCEC

Old Kentucky SOUR MASH WHISKIES.

MOORE, BASSETT & CO Doors, Sash, Blinds, Moldings,

Lumber, Lath and Shingles, 351-353-359 Second street. : Memphis. Tenu. ESTES, DOAN & CO

Wholesale Grocers, Cotton Factors

Nos. 11; and 13 Union Street. Memphis. Grocers and Cotton Factors

256 Front street, Memphis, Tenn. OUR COTTON WAREHOUSE IS NOW OPEN, and we solicit consignments from our friends and customers, and will make liberal advances on all shipments. WE ARE NOW RECEIVING An Entirely New and Fresh Stock of Goods

Palace

TOLL-SATE No. 2. Heautiful Colored Picture, Very ingenious. 75 objects to find. Send stamp for package. Be.E. C. SBREY, Parkale H. W.

Non-Resident Notice. Tennescoe—Meriden Brittania Company et al vs.

E. H. Martin et al.

Tappearing from affidavit in this cause that the
defendants, Forida Welibourne, Samuel M.
Welibourne and Alfred Welbourne, are non-residents
of the State of Tennessee; that the defendant, the
firm of Martin & Co., is indebted to the complainint, the Meriden Brittania Company, in the sum of

### newstyles FINE GOODS!

Largest Assortment! Fine Qualities! All Shapes! Beaver, Felt and Silk HATS!

LEIDY'S. Opposite Court Square. & CO.,

